

## Matematika-VI-sinf.I-chorak testi.A-variant

1. Eng kichik tub sonni ko'rsating.

#1 1 #2 2#3 3#4 4#5 6

2. Eng katta tub sonni ko'rsating.

#1 997#2 2#3 10#4 99 #5 mavjud emas

3. 100 va 200 orasida nechta tub son bor?

#1 300 ta#2 100 ta#3 21 ta#4 22 ta #5 23 ta

4. 60 ning bo'luvchilari soni nechta?

#1 11#2 10#3 9#4 12#5 60

5. 36 ni tub ko'paytuvchilar ko'rinishida yozing.

#1  $36=2^2 \cdot 3$  #2  $36=2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$  #3  $36=2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 3$  #4  $36=3^4 \cdot 2^2$  #5  $36=2 \cdot 2^4 \cdot 3 \cdot 3^2$  ;

6. 24 sonining bo'luvchilari to'g'ri ko'rsatilgan javobni belgilang:

#1 2,3,4,6,8,12 #2 2,3,4,6,8,12,24 #3 1,2,3,4,6,8,12,24 #4 1,2,3,4,6 #5 Hammasi to'g'ri

7. 10 ga bo'linish belgisini belgilang:

#1 Oxirgi raqami 0 yoki 5 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;

#2 Oxirgi raqami 0 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;

#3 Oxirgi raqami 0,2,4,6,8 raqamlari bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;

#4 Oxirgi raqami 1,3,5,7,9 raqamlari bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;

#5 Raqamlarining yig'indisi 3 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan har qanday natural son

8. 9 ga bo'linish belgisini belgilang:

#1 Oxirgi raqami 0 yoki 5 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;

#2 Oxirgi raqami 0 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;

#3 Raqamlarining yig'indisi 9 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan har qanday natural son

#4 Oxirgi raqami 1,3,5,7,9 raqamlari bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;

#5 Raqamlarining yig'indisi 3 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan har qanday natural son

9. Qaysi son 30 sonining bo'luvchisi va 3 sonining karralisi ekanligini ko'rsating.

#1 15 #2 10 #3 5 #4 1 #5 12

10. Quyidagi sonlardan 3 ga ham , 5 ga ham bo'linadiganini aniqlang.

#1 1113 #2 914 #3 3040 #4 7035 #5 2468

11. Qaysi son 6 ga karrali emas?

#1 112 #2 216 #3 996 #4 270 #5 564

12.  $23 \cdot 5$  yozuvidagi yulduzcha o'rniga qanday raqamlar qo'yilsa, hosil bo'lgan son 9 ga bo'linadi?

#1 0 #2 8 #3 9 #4 5 #5 TJY

13. 108 ni tub ko'paytuvchilarga ajrating:

#1  $108=2^2 \cdot 3^3$  #2  $108=1 \cdot 2^2 \cdot 3^3$  #3  $108=4 \cdot 27$  #4  $108=1 \cdot 4 \cdot 27$  #5  $1 \cdot 36 \cdot 3$

14. Berilgan ko'paytmalar ichidan 72 sonining tub ko'paytuvchilari bo'lganini ko'rsating.

#1  $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 9$  #2  $9 \cdot 8$  #3  $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$  #4  $2 \cdot 4 \cdot 9$  #5  $1 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 2$

15. O'zaro tub sonlar deb qanday sonlarga aytiladi?

#1 Faqat o'ziga va 1 ga bo'linadigan natural sonlar;

#2 3 ga va 5 ga bo'linadigan natural sonlar;

#3 Ikkita va undan ortiq bo'luvchiga ega bo'lgan natural sonlar;

#4 O'ziga va 1 ga bo'linadigan natural sonlar;

#5 Eng katta umumiy bo'luvchisi 1 ga teng bo'lgan natural sonlar

16.  $\frac{x}{30} = \frac{7}{5}$  noma'lum x ni toping.

#1  $x=30$  #2  $x=12$  #3  $x=18$  #4  $x=42$  #5  $x=4$

17.  $\frac{8}{12} = \frac{x}{3}$  tenglikni qanoatlantiruvchi x ning qiymatini toping.

#1 4 #2 2 #3 8 #4 6 #5 9

18.  $\frac{4 \cdot 9 \cdot 15}{12 \cdot 3 \cdot 5}$  kasrni qisqartiring.

#1  $\frac{1}{3}$  #2 1 #3  $\frac{1}{5}$  #4 3 #5  $\frac{1}{6}$

19.  $\frac{432}{1026}$  kasrni qisqartiring.

20.  $\frac{7}{8}$  va  $\frac{9}{10}$  kasrlarni taqqoslang.

21. 1)  $\frac{5}{12}$  2)  $\frac{5}{30}$  3)  $\frac{6}{10}$  kasrlarni o'sish tartibida joylashtiring.

22. Ayirmani toping.  $\frac{4}{25} - \frac{4}{35}$

23. Tenglamani yeching.  $X + \frac{7}{10} = 8$

24. Amalni bajaring:  $3\frac{11}{20} + 2\frac{19}{30}$

25. Ketma-ket kelgan dastlabki 7 ta murakkab sonni yoziing.

## Matematika-VI-sinf.I-chorak testi.B-variant

- 13 soniga karrali bo'lgan barcha ikki xonali sonlarni belgilang:  
#1 13,26,39,52,65,78,91 #2 13,26,39 #3 26,52,78,91 #4 13,39,65,91 #5 Hammasi to'g'ri
- 2 ga bo'linish belgisini belgilang:  
#1 Oxirgi raqami 0 yoki 5 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#2 Oxirgi raqami 0 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;  
#3 Oxirgi raqami 0,2,4,6,8 raqamlari bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#4 Oxirgi raqami 1,3,5,7,9 raqamlari bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;  
#5 Raqamlarining yig'indisi 3 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan har qanday natural son
- Juft son deb qanday songa aytiladi?  
#1 Oxirgi raqami 0 yoki 5 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#2 Oxirgi raqami 0 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;  
#3 2 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan natural sonlar;#4 3 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan natural sonlar ;#5 4ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan natural sonlar
- Quyidagilarning qaysi biri 6 ga karrali?  
#1 432 #2 267 #3 104 #4 332 #5 565
- $5 \cdot 62$  yozuvdagi yulduzcha o'rniga qanday raqam qo'yilsa, hosil bo'lgan son 9 ga bo'linadi?  
#1 0 #2 2 #3 9 #4 5 #5 7
- Quyidagi sonlardan 2 ga ham , 5 ga ham bo'linmaydiganini aniqlang.  
#1 8010 #2 1950 #3 4050 #4 1113 #5 2460
- Tub son deb nimaga aytiladi?  
#1 Faqat o'ziga va 1 ga bo'linadigan natural sonlar; #2 3 ga va 5 ga bo'linadigan natural sonlar;  
#3 Ikkita va undan ortiq bo'luvchiga ega bo'lgan natural sonlar; #4 O'ziga va 1 ga bo'linadigan natural sonlar; #5 Hammasi to'g'ri
- Sonning tub ko'paytuvchilari bo'lgan ko'paytmani ko'rsating.  
#1 2·8·11 #2 16·3·11 #3 2·2·2·3·11 #4 2·3·4·9 #5 2·3·4·7
- EKUB(54,72) ni toping.  
#1 216 #2 72 #3 18 #4 3888 #5 36
- Maxraji 8 ga teng bo'lib,  $\frac{3}{4}$  kasrga teng bo'lgan kasrni yozing.  
#1  $\frac{3}{8}$  #2  $\frac{6}{8}$  #3  $\frac{5}{8}$  #4  $\frac{7}{8}$  #5  $\frac{4}{8}$
- Kasrlarni qisqartirish ta'rifini keltiring:  
#1 Kasrning surat va maxrajini bir xil natural songa ko'paytirish; #2 Kasrning surat va maxrajini bir xil natural songa bo'lish;  
#3 Kasrning surat va maxrajiga bir xil natural sonni qo'shish; #4 Kasrning surat va maxrajidan bir xil natural sonni ayirish; #5 TJY
- $\frac{5}{6}$  ga teng kasrni toping.  
#1  $\frac{15}{18}$  #2  $\frac{10}{13}$  #3  $\frac{15}{20}$  #4  $\frac{5}{12}$  #5  $\frac{25}{36}$
- $\frac{14}{21} = \frac{2}{x}$  tenglikni qanoatlantiruvchi x ning qiymatini toping.  
#1 9 #2 3 #3 8 #4 6 #5 7
- $\frac{4 \cdot 12 \cdot 20}{16 \cdot 3 \cdot 10}$  kasrni qisqartiring.  
#1 1 #2  $\frac{1}{2}$  #3 2 #4 4 #5 5
- $\frac{8}{16}$  va  $\frac{5}{24}$  kasrlarning eng kichik umumiy maxrajini toping:  
#1 48 #2 94 #3 72 #4 192 #5 49
- Kasrlarni qo'shing:  $\frac{4}{9} + \frac{11}{15}$   
#1  $\frac{15}{24}$  #2  $\frac{15}{6}$  #3  $\frac{53}{45}$  #4 5 #5  $\frac{35}{45}$
- Hisoblang:  $3\frac{1}{3} + 5\frac{3}{4}$   
#1  $8\frac{4}{7}$  #2  $9\frac{4}{7}$  #3  $9\frac{1}{12}$  #4  $15\frac{1}{12}$  #5  $6\frac{3}{12}$
- Tenglamani yeching.  $20 - x = \frac{17}{20}$   
#1  $7\frac{3}{10}$  #2  $8\frac{3}{10}$  #3  $8\frac{7}{10}$  #4  $19\frac{3}{20}$  #5 TJY
- Amalni bajaring:  $7\frac{5}{18} - 1\frac{7}{12}$
- Qaysi juftlik o'zaro tub ? a) (12;14) b) (9;12) c) (24;36) d) (45;19) e) (56; 90)
- O'zaro tub sonlarni ko'rsating. 1) 19 va 39 2) 3 va 6 3) 9 va 3 4) 25 va 35 5) 21 va 7
- O'zaro tub bo'lgan murakkab sonlarni toping. 1) 17 va 18 2) 16 va 35 3) 16 va 17 4) 23 va 25 5) 5 va 6
- 72 ning bo'luvchilari soni nechta?
- $17 \cdot 27 \cdot 37 \cdot 47 \cdot 57 \cdot 77 \cdot 87 \cdot 11 \cdot 21 \cdot 31 \cdot 41 \cdot 51 \cdot 61 \cdot 71 \cdot 81$  ayirma qaysi raqam bilan tugaydi?
- 1,2,3,9,6,4,18,36 sonlarini karralisini toping.

## Matematika-VI-sinf.I-chorak testi.C-variant

1. 36 sonining bo'luvchilari nechta?

#1 5 ta #2 6 ta #3 7 ta #4 8 ta #5 9 ta

2. 5 ga bo'linish belgisini belgilang:

#1 Oxirgi raqami 0 yoki 5 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#2 Oxirgi raqami 0 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#3 Oxirgi raqami 0,2,4,6,8 raqamlari bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#4 Oxirgi raqami 1,3,5,7,9 raqamlari bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#5 Raqamlarining yig'indisi 3 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan har qanday natural son

3. Toq son deb nimaga aytiladi?

#1 Oxirgi raqami 0 yoki 5 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#2 Oxirgi raqami 1, 3,5,7,9 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#3 2 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan natural sonlar;#4 3 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan natural sonlar ; #5 4ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan natural sonlar

4. Quyidagi sonlardan 2 ga ham , 5 ga ham bo'linadiganini aniqlang.

#1 8016 #2 195 #3 4050 #4 1113 #5 2468

5. Qaysi son 32 sonining bo'luvchisi bo'ladi?

#1 3 #2 5 #3 6 #4 8 #5 9

6. Quyidagi sonlardan 2 ga ham , 3 ga ham bo'linmaydiganini aniqlang.

#1 288 #2 42 #3 2802 #4 7800 #5 2461

7. Murakkab sonlar deb qanday sonlarga aytiladi?

#1 Faqat o'ziga va 1 ga bo'linadigan natural sonlar;

#2 3 ga va 5 ga bo'linadigan natural sonlar;

#3 Ikkita va undan ortiq bo'luvchiga ega bo'lgan natural sonlar;

#4 O'ziga va 1 ga bo'linadigan natural sonlar;

#5 Hammasi to'g'ri

8. Berilgan ko'paytmalar ichidan 54 sonining tub ko'paytuvchilari bo'lganini ko'rsating.

#1 9·6 #2 2·3·3·3 #3 2·3·6 #4 2·3·9 #5 1·2·3·3·3

9. EKUK(54,72) ni toping.

#1 54 #2 216 #3 18 #4 3888 #5 36

10. Surati 15 ga teng bo'lib,  $\frac{5}{7}$  kasrga teng bo'lgan kasrni yozing.

#1  $\frac{15}{7}$  #2  $\frac{15}{14}$  #3  $\frac{15}{9}$  #4  $\frac{15}{21}$  #5  $\frac{15}{28}$

11. Agar kasrning surat va maxraji o'zaro tub sonlar bo'lsa, bunday kasrlar ... deyiladi.

#1 Oddiy kasrlar #2 Murakkab kasrlar #3 Teng kasrlar #4 Qisqarmas kasrlar #5 To'g'ri kasrlar

12. Qisqarmas kasrni ko'rsating.

#1  $\frac{40}{16}$  #2  $\frac{15}{16}$  #3  $\frac{17}{68}$  #4  $\frac{84}{60}$  #5  $\frac{34}{36}$

13.  $\frac{3}{4}$  ga teng kasrni toping.

#1  $\frac{24}{36}$  #2  $\frac{9}{15}$  #3  $\frac{15}{20}$  #4  $\frac{6}{9}$  #5  $\frac{21}{32}$

14.  $\frac{12}{18}$  va  $\frac{13}{18}$  kasrlarni taqqoslang.

#1 < #2 > #3 = #4 Taqqoslab bo'lmaydi #5 TJY

15. 1)  $\frac{7}{20}$  2)  $\frac{11}{24}$  3)  $\frac{11}{30}$  kasrlarni kamayish tartibida joylashtiring.

#1 1,3,2 #2 1,2,3 #3 3,2,1 #4 2,3,1 #5 TJY

16. Ayirishni bajaring:  $\frac{23}{24} - \frac{7}{18}$

#1  $\frac{16}{6}$  #2  $\frac{16}{72}$  #3  $\frac{41}{72}$  #4  $\frac{42}{72}$  #5  $\frac{16}{42}$

17. Aralash kasrlarni ayiring:  $4\frac{4}{5} - 2\frac{3}{4}$

#1  $8\frac{4}{7}$  #2  $9\frac{4}{7}$  #3  $9\frac{1}{12}$  #4  $2\frac{1}{20}$  #5  $6\frac{3}{12}$

18. Tenglamani yeching.  $X - \frac{13}{14} = 14$

#1  $14\frac{13}{14}$  #2  $8\frac{3}{10}$  #3  $8\frac{7}{10}$  #4  $19\frac{3}{20}$  #5 TJY

19. Ifodaning qiymatini toping:  $9\frac{8}{15} - 4\frac{1}{12} + 3\frac{7}{20}$

20. 3 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan ikki xonali juft sonlar nechta?

21. Yozuvi 0 bilan tugagan barcha sonlar nechaga bo'linadi?

22. Raqamlar yig'indisi 9 ga bo'linsa, u son nechaga bolinadi?

23. Tenglamani yeching:  $94 - 2x = 14$

24.  $15 - 9 : 3 + 4 \cdot 30$  ning qiymatini toping.

25. Noto'g'ri kasrni aralash son ko'rinishida yozing:  $\frac{87}{19}$

## Matematika-VI-sinf.I-chorak testi.D-variant

1.6dm7sm ni santimetrda ifodalang:

#1 42 sm #2 607 sm #3 6007 sm #4 13 sm #5 67 sm

2. 479 mm ni santimetr va millimetrda ifodalang:

#1 479mm #2 47sm 9 mm #3 11sm9mm #4 15sm9mm #5 4sm79mm

3. 11 soniga karrali bo'lgan ikki xonali sonlar nechta?

#1 5 ta #2 6 ta #3 7 ta #4 8 ta #5 9 ta

4. 3 ga bo'linish belgisini belgilang:

#1 Oxirgi raqami 0 yoki 5 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#2 Oxirgi raqami 0 bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#3 Oxirgi raqami 0,2,4,6,8 raqamlari bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#4 Oxirgi raqami 1,3,5,7,9 raqamlari bilan tugaydigan har qanday natural son ;#5 Raqamlarining yig'indisi 3 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan har qanday natural son

5. 24 sonining bo'luvchisi bo'lmagan sonni toping

#1 1 #2 2 #3 6 #4 8 #5 9

6. Quyidagi sonlardan 2 ga ham , 3 ga ham bo'linadiganini aniqlang.

#1 2894 #2 405 #3 2802 #4 785 #5 2468

7. Qaysi son 40 sonining bo'luvchisi va 4 sonining karralisi ekanligini ko'rsating.

#1 8 #2 10 #3 15 #4 1 #5 54

8. Quyidagi sonlardan 3 ga ham , 5 ga ham bo'linmaydiganini aniqlang.

#1 1111 #2 912 #3 3040 #4 7035 #5 2460

9. Quyidagi tengsizlik o'rinli bo'ladigan barcha tub sonlarni yozing:  $23 < x < 49$

#1 29,31,37 #2 23,29,31,37,41 #3 23,29,31,37,41,43 #4 23,29,31,37,41,43,47  
#5 29,31,37,41,43,47

10. Sonning tub ko'paytuvchilari bo'lgan ko'paytmni ko'rsating.

#1 6·5·9 #2 2·3·3·3·5 #3 2·2·2·3·9 #4 2·3·4·9 #5 2·3·4·7

11. O'zaro tub bo'lgan sonlar juftini ko'rsating.

#1 6 va 4 #2 5 va 45 #3 16 va 24 #4 24 va 79 #5 34 va 76

12.  $\frac{12}{x} = \frac{3}{4}$  noma'lum x ni toping.

#1 x=16 #2 x=12 #3 x=18 #4 x=21 #5 x=4

13. Kasrni qisqartiriring:  $\frac{36}{54}$

#1  $\frac{18}{27}$  #2  $\frac{12}{18}$  #3  $\frac{6}{9}$  #4  $\frac{4}{6}$  #5  $\frac{2}{3}$

14.  $\frac{715}{1055}$  kasrni qisqartiring.

#1  $\frac{143}{211}$  #2  $\frac{11}{17}$  #3  $\frac{13}{19}$  #4  $\frac{1}{3}$  #5 TJY

15. Qisqaruvchi kasrni toping.

#1  $\frac{12}{65}$  #2  $\frac{2}{6}$  #3  $\frac{19}{21}$  #4  $\frac{55}{24}$  #5  $\frac{45}{13}$

16.  $\frac{12}{18}$  va  $\frac{12}{19}$  kasrlarni taqqoslang.

#1 < #2 > #3 = #4 Taqqoslab bo'lmaydi #5 TJY

17.  $\frac{4}{18}$  va  $\frac{5}{24}$  kasrlarning eng kichik umumiy maxrajini toping:

#1 72 #2 36 #3 432 #4 148 #5 464

18. Ifodaning qiymatini toping:  $\frac{5}{42} + \frac{10}{63}$

#1  $\frac{15}{24}$  #2  $\frac{15}{6}$  #3  $\frac{53}{45}$  #4 5 #5  $\frac{25}{126}$

19.  $1 - \frac{5}{9}$  ni hisoblang.

20. Ayirishni bajaring.  $10 - 1\frac{1}{9}$

21. 1;2;3;15;17;23;28;49;64;121;304;324 sonlari ichida nechta tub son bor?

22. 9 ga qoldiqsiz bo'linadigan ikki xonali toq sonlar nechta?

23. Yig'indini hisoblang:  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}$

24. Ayirmani hisoblang:  $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}$

25. Birinchi son  $\frac{3}{5}$  ga, ikkinchi son esa  $\frac{3}{20}$  ga teng. Birinchi son ikkinchi sonidan nechtaga ortiq?

## Matematika VI-sinf. II-chorak testi.A-variant

1. Ko'paytirishni bajaring:  $\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$  #1  $\frac{1}{6}$  #2  $\frac{1}{3}$  #3 1 #4  $\frac{1}{2}$  #5 2
2. Hisoblang:  $\frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{15}{16}$  #1  $\frac{5}{3}$  #2  $\frac{5}{2}$  #3  $\frac{1}{2}$  #4  $\frac{5}{4}$  #5  $\frac{3}{5}$
3. Birinchi son  $\frac{3}{5}$  ga, ikkinchi son esa  $\frac{3}{20}$  ga teng. Birinchi son ikkinchi sondan necha marta ortiq?  
#1 4 marta #2  $\frac{9}{20}$  #3  $\frac{9}{100}$  #4  $\frac{6}{25}$  #5 6
4. Bo'lishni bajaring:  $\frac{5}{9} : 15$  #1 4 #2 2 #3  $\frac{4}{5}$  #4  $\frac{1}{27}$  #5 5
5.  $\frac{1}{4}$  ga teskari sonni toping: #1  $\frac{19}{13}$  #2  $\frac{13}{4}$  #3  $\frac{4}{13}$  #4  $\frac{13}{19}$  #5 13
6. Tenglamani yeching:  $x : \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$  #1 3 #2  $\frac{2}{3}$  #3  $\frac{1}{2}$  #4  $\frac{8}{27}$  #5  $\frac{1}{3}$
7. Amallarni bajaring:  $\frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{6}$   
#1  $\frac{4}{21}$  #2  $\frac{1}{7}$  #3  $\frac{1}{21}$  #4  $\frac{1}{14}$  #5  $\frac{5}{42}$
8. Amallarni bajaring:  $\frac{3}{10} \cdot \frac{2}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{6}$   
#1  $\frac{4}{21}$  #2  $\frac{1}{7}$  #3  $\frac{1}{21}$  #4  $\frac{1}{14}$  #5  $\frac{5}{42}$
9. 35 ning  $\frac{4}{5}$  qismini toping.  
#1 14 #2 21 #3 7 #4 28 #5 39
10. 20 ning  $\frac{4}{5}$  qismini toping  
#1 76 #2 28 #3 16 #4  $1\frac{1}{2}$  #5  $\frac{4}{5}$
11.  $3\frac{1}{8}$  va  $1\frac{1}{4}$  sonlari yig'indisining  $\frac{1}{5}$  qismini toping  
#1  $\frac{3}{5}$  #2 #3  $\frac{7}{8}$  #4  $3\frac{9}{14}$  #5  $3\frac{1}{2}$
12.  $3\frac{1}{8}$  va  $1\frac{1}{4}$  sonlari ko'paytmasining  $\frac{16}{25}$  qismini toping  
#1  $2\frac{1}{2}$  #2  $\frac{5}{12}$  #3  $\frac{7}{8}$  #4  $3\frac{9}{14}$  #5  $3\frac{1}{2}$
13. Agar ikki sonning ko'paytmasi 1 ga teng bo'lsa, bu sonlar... sonlar deyiladi  
#1 natural #2 o'zaro tub #3 o'zaro teskari #4 qarama-qarshi #5 Hammasi to'g'ri
14.  $\frac{1}{18}$  ga teskari sonni toping  
#1  $7\frac{1}{2}$  #2 15 #3 18 #4 23 #5 134
15. 32,5 ning  $\frac{3}{100}$  qismini 12 ga qo'shing  
#1  $12\frac{39}{40}$  #2 2,3 #3  $\frac{6}{5}$  #4  $\frac{10}{117}$  #5 54
16. 32,5 ning  $\frac{3}{100}$  qismiga teskari sonni toping  
#1  $\frac{1}{2}$  #2  $\frac{2}{125}$  #3  $\frac{25}{6}$  #4  $\frac{117}{140}$  #5  $\frac{40}{39}$
17. 32,5 ning  $\frac{3}{100}$  qismini 1 dan airing  
#1  $\frac{1}{2}$  #2  $\frac{2}{125}$  #3  $\frac{25}{6}$  #4  $\frac{1}{40}$  #5  $\frac{40}{39}$
18. To'g'ri tenglikni tanlang:  
#1  $6\frac{1}{5} \cdot 4 = 24\frac{1}{20}$  #2  $5\frac{5}{6} \cdot 3 = 15\frac{1}{2}$  #3  $1\frac{4}{9} \cdot 9 = 14$  #4  $9\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3 = 28$  #5  $2\frac{3}{4} \cdot 4 = 12$
19. Bo'lishni bajaring:  $\frac{35}{12} : \frac{7}{24}$
20. Tenglamani yeching:  $3\frac{1}{3} : k = 1\frac{1}{3} : 2$
21. 0,25 qismi 12ga teng sonni toping
22. k ning n ga nisbatini yozing:
23. Nisbatning noma'lum hadini toping: 28:x=7
24. Noma'lum x ni toping: 3:5=x:10
25. Noma'lum x ni toping:  $\frac{x}{5} = \frac{10}{25}$

## Matematika VI-sinf. II-chorak testi.B-variant

1. Ayirmani toping:  $\frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$  #1  $\frac{1}{10}$  #2  $\frac{1}{5}$  #3  $\frac{3}{10}$  #4  $\frac{2}{3}$  #5 3
2. Ko'paytmani toping:  $\frac{3}{30} \cdot \frac{5}{6}$  #1  $\frac{5}{3}$  #2  $\frac{5}{2}$  #3  $\frac{1}{12}$  #4  $\frac{5}{4}$  #5  $\frac{3}{5}$
3. 5-sinfda matematikadan yozma ish yozgan o'quvchilarning  $\frac{1}{8}$  qismi a'lo,  $\frac{1}{4}$  qismi yaxshi,  $\frac{1}{2}$  qismi qoniqarli va qolgan 4 o'quvchi esa qoniqarsiz baho oldi. Nechta o'quvchi yozma ish yozgan?  
#1 28 #2 32 #3 26 #4 24 #5 36
4. Ko'paytiring:  $\frac{4}{25} \cdot \frac{15}{8}$  #1  $\frac{3}{10}$  #2  $\frac{3}{25}$  #3  $\frac{3}{50}$  #4 0 #5 6
5. Hisoblang:  $1\frac{2}{5} : 2\frac{7}{10}$  #1  $\frac{14}{50}$  #2  $\frac{7}{105}$  #3  $\frac{14}{27}$  #4 10 #5  $\frac{4}{5}$
6. Tenglamani yeching:  $x : \frac{3}{4} = \frac{4}{9}$  #1 3 #2  $\frac{2}{3}$  #3  $\frac{1}{2}$  #4  $\frac{8}{27}$  #5  $\frac{1}{3}$
7. Amallarni bajaring:  $\frac{7}{10} \cdot \frac{5}{49} \cdot \frac{2}{3}$  #1  $\frac{4}{21}$  #2  $\frac{1}{7}$  #3  $\frac{1}{21}$  #4  $\frac{1}{14}$  #5  $\frac{5}{42}$
8. 35 ning  $\frac{3}{5}$  qismini toping. #1 14 #2 21 #3 7 #4 28 #5 39
9. 35 ning  $\frac{2}{5}$  qismini toping. #1 14 #2 21 #3 7 #4 28 #5 39
10.  $5\frac{1}{4}$  ning  $\frac{2}{7}$  qismini toping #1 76 #2 28 #3 16 #4  $1\frac{1}{2}$  #5  $\frac{4}{5}$
11.  $8\frac{1}{3}$  va  $\frac{1}{6}$  sonlari ayirmasining  $\frac{3}{7}$  qismini toping  
#1 #2  $\frac{5}{12}$  #3  $\frac{7}{8}$  #4  $3\frac{9}{14}$  #5  $3\frac{1}{2}$
12.  $3\frac{1}{8}$  va  $1\frac{1}{4}$  sonlari bo'linmasining  $\frac{1}{5}$  qismini toping  
#1  $\frac{5}{7}$  #2  $\frac{1}{2}$  #3  $\frac{25}{42}$  #4  $\frac{1}{6}$  #5  $5\frac{5}{14}$
13.  $\frac{1}{15}$  ga teskari sonni toping  
#1  $7\frac{1}{2}$  #2 15 #3 18 #4 23 #5 134
14.  $\frac{2}{15}$  ga teskari sonni toping  
#1  $7\frac{1}{2}$  #2 15 #3 18 #4 23 #5 134
15. 4,8 ning  $\frac{5}{12}$  qismini 56 dan airing  
#1  $12\frac{39}{40}$  #2 2,3 #3  $\frac{6}{5}$  #4  $\frac{10}{117}$  #5 54
16. 4,8 ning  $\frac{5}{12}$  qismiga teskari sonni toping  
#1  $\frac{1}{2}$  #2  $\frac{2}{125}$  #3  $\frac{25}{6}$  #4  $\frac{117}{140}$  #5  $\frac{40}{39}$
17. 4,8 ning  $\frac{5}{12}$  qismini 56 ga bo'ling  
#1  $\frac{1}{28}$  #2  $\frac{2}{125}$  #3  $\frac{25}{6}$  #4  $\frac{117}{140}$  #5  $\frac{40}{39}$
18. Qulay usul bilan hisoblang:  $2\frac{1}{3} \cdot (1\frac{5}{7} \cdot \frac{3}{4})$   
#1  $\frac{7}{3}$  #2  $14\frac{5}{7}$  #3 3 #4  $\frac{30}{7}$  #5  $\frac{3}{5}$
19. Tenglamani yeching:  $2\frac{2}{7}x = 2\frac{2}{7}$
20. Tenglamani yeching:  $1:x = \frac{1}{2}$
21.  $\frac{5}{6}$  qismi 8 ga teng songa teskari sonni toping
22. 12 ning  $\frac{4}{5}$  ga nisbatini 2 ga ko'paytirish natijasini toping
23. Nisbatning noma'lum hadini toping:  $4,2:x=3$
24. Noma'lum x ni toping:  $6:x=2:3$
25. Noma'lum x ni toping:  $\frac{15}{x} = \frac{3}{2}$

## Matematika VI-sinf. II-chorak testi.C-variant

1. Amalni bajaring:  $3 \cdot \frac{2}{7}$  #1  $\frac{5}{7}$  #2  $\frac{2}{7}$  #3  $\frac{5}{7}$  #4  $\frac{6}{7}$  #5 6
2. Ko'paytmani toping:  $\frac{11}{18} \cdot 6$  #1  $\frac{5}{3}$  #2  $\frac{5}{2}$  #3  $\frac{1}{12}$  #4  $\frac{5}{4}$  #5  $\frac{11}{3}$
3. Bo'lishni bajaring:  $\frac{1}{2} : \frac{1}{4}$  #1 4 #2 2 #3  $\frac{4}{5}$  #4  $\frac{1}{27}$  #5 5
4. Ko'paytiring:  $\frac{5}{8} \cdot 5$  #1  $\frac{5}{40}$  #2  $\frac{25}{8}$  #3  $\frac{25}{40}$  #4 25 #5 1
5. Tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{5}{7} : x = \frac{5}{14}$  #1 2 #2  $\frac{1}{2}$  #3  $\frac{2}{35}$  #4  $\frac{5}{14}$  #5 5
6. Tenglamani yeching:  $x \cdot \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{9}$  #1 3 #2  $\frac{2}{3}$  #3  $\frac{5}{9}$  #4  $\frac{8}{27}$  #5  $\frac{1}{3}$
7. Amallarni bajaring:  $\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{9}$  #1  $\frac{4}{21}$  #2  $\frac{1}{7}$  #3  $\frac{1}{21}$  #4  $\frac{1}{14}$  #5  $\frac{5}{42}$
8. 35 ning  $\frac{1}{5}$  qismini toping. #1 14 #2 21 #3 7 #4 28 #5 39
9. 100 ning  $\frac{19}{25}$  qismini toping #1 76 #2 28 #3 16 #4  $1\frac{1}{2}$  #5  $\frac{4}{5}$
10.  $1\frac{1}{15}$  ning  $\frac{3}{4}$  qismini toping  
#1 76 #2 28 #3 16 #4  $1\frac{1}{2}$  #5  $\frac{4}{5}$
11.  $8\frac{1}{3}$  va  $\frac{1}{6}$  sonlari yig'indisining  $\frac{3}{7}$  qismini toping  
#1 #2  $\frac{5}{12}$  #3  $\frac{7}{8}$  #4  $3\frac{9}{14}$  #5  $3\frac{1}{2}$
12.  $8\frac{1}{3}$  va  $\frac{1}{6}$  sonlari ko'paytmasining  $\frac{3}{7}$  qismini toping  
#1  $\frac{5}{7}$  #2  $\frac{1}{2}$  #3  $\frac{25}{42}$  #4  $\frac{1}{6}$  #5  $5\frac{5}{14}$
13.  $\frac{1}{134}$  ga teskari sonni toping  
#1  $7\frac{1}{2}$  #2 15 #3 18 #4 23 #5 134
14. 15,6 ning  $\frac{3}{4}$  qismiini 14 dan ayiring  
#1  $12\frac{39}{40}$  #2 2,3 #3  $\frac{6}{5}$  #4  $\frac{10}{117}$  #5 54
15. 15,6 ning  $\frac{3}{4}$  qismiga teskari sonni toping  
#1  $12\frac{39}{40}$  #2 2,3 #3  $\frac{6}{5}$  #4  $\frac{10}{117}$  #5 54
16. 15,6 ning  $\frac{3}{4}$  qismiini 14 ga bo'ling  
#1  $\frac{1}{2}$  #2  $\frac{2}{125}$  #3  $\frac{25}{6}$  #4  $\frac{117}{140}$  #5  $\frac{40}{39}$
17. Sonni kasrga ko'paytiring:  $23 \cdot \frac{5}{46}$   
#1  $2\frac{1}{2}$  #2  $\frac{3}{4}$  #3  $2\frac{1}{3}$  #4  $1\frac{1}{2}$  #5  $4\frac{1}{2}$
18. Hisoblang:  $3\frac{4}{11} \cdot \frac{5}{6} + 2\frac{7}{11} \cdot \frac{5}{6}$   
#1  $4\frac{1}{6}$  #2  $5\frac{5}{6}$  #3 6 #4 5 #5 7
19. Tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{3}{5}y = 2\frac{9}{10} - \frac{1}{5}$
20.  $\frac{4}{5}$  qismi 7 ga teng bo'lgan sonni toping
21.  $\frac{3}{4}$  qismi 12 ga teng bo'lgan songa teskari sonni kvadratini toping
22. a ning 34 ga nisbatini yozing
23. Nisbatning noma'lum hadini toping:  $3\frac{3}{4} : x = 2\frac{1}{2}$
24. Noma'lum x ni toping:  $x:8=2:4$
25. Tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{3x}{4} = \frac{9}{20}$

## Matematika VI-sinf. II chorak testi. D- variant

1. Hisoblang:  $\frac{4}{7} \cdot \frac{14}{15} \cdot \frac{3}{8}$  #1  $\frac{1}{3}$  #2  $\frac{1}{4}$  #3  $\frac{1}{5}$  #4  $\frac{1}{6}$  #5  $\frac{1}{9}$
2. 15 ning  $\frac{4}{5}$  qismini toping. #1 2 #2 4 #3 12 #4 6 #5 10
3. Bo'lishni bajaring:  $\frac{6}{13} : \frac{15}{26}$  #1 4 #2 2 #3  $\frac{4}{5}$  #4  $\frac{1}{27}$  #5 5
4. Ko'paytiring:  $\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{5}{4}$  #1  $\frac{35}{6}$  #2  $\frac{5}{12}$  #3  $\frac{9}{2}$  #4 16 #5  $\frac{5}{6}$
5. Tenglamani yeching:  $x \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$  #1 3 #2  $\frac{2}{3}$  #3  $\frac{1}{2}$  #4  $\frac{4}{9}$  #5  $\frac{1}{3}$
6. Hisoblang:  $\frac{3}{5} \cdot 1 \frac{5}{6}$  #1  $1 \frac{3}{10}$  #2 1 #3  $1 \frac{1}{10}$  #4  $6 \frac{1}{2}$  #5  $\frac{3}{4}$
7. Amallarni bajaring:  $\frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{6}$  #1  $\frac{4}{21}$  #2  $\frac{1}{7}$  #3  $\frac{1}{21}$  #4  $\frac{1}{14}$  #5  $\frac{5}{42}$
8. 65 ning  $\frac{3}{5}$  qismini toping. #1 14 #2 21 #3 7 #4 28 #5 39
9. 30 ning  $\frac{14}{15}$  qismini toping #1 76 #2 28 #3 16 #4  $1 \frac{1}{2}$  #5  $\frac{4}{5}$
10. 64 ning  $\frac{7}{8}$  qismini toping  
#1 76 #2 28 #3 56 #4  $1 \frac{1}{2}$  #5  $\frac{4}{5}$
11.  $3 \frac{1}{8}$  va  $1 \frac{1}{4}$  sonlari ayirmasining  $\frac{2}{9}$  qismini toping  
#1 #2  $\frac{5}{12}$  #3  $\frac{7}{8}$  #4  $3 \frac{9}{14}$  #5  $3 \frac{1}{2}$
12.  $8 \frac{1}{3}$  va  $\frac{1}{6}$  sonlari bo'linmasining  $\frac{3}{28}$  qismini toping  
#1  $\frac{5}{7}$  #2  $\frac{1}{2}$  #3  $\frac{25}{42}$  #4  $\frac{1}{6}$  #5  $5 \frac{5}{14}$
13.  $\frac{1}{23}$  ga teskari sonni toping  
#1  $7 \frac{1}{2}$  #2 15 #3 18 #4 23 #5 134
14. 0,36 ning  $\frac{2}{3}$  qismini 5 ga ko'paytiring  
#1  $12 \frac{39}{40}$  #2 2,3 #3  $\frac{6}{5}$  #4  $\frac{10}{117}$  #5 54
15. 0,36 ning  $\frac{2}{3}$  qismiga teskari sonni toping  
#1  $\frac{1}{2}$  #2  $\frac{2}{125}$  #3  $\frac{25}{6}$  #4  $\frac{117}{140}$  #5  $\frac{40}{39}$
16. 0,36 ning  $\frac{2}{3}$  qismini 15 ga qo'shing  
#1  $\frac{1}{2}$  #2  $15 \frac{6}{25}$  #3  $\frac{25}{6}$  #4  $\frac{117}{140}$  #5  $\frac{40}{39}$
17. Hisoblang:  $\frac{32}{35} \cdot \frac{55}{64}$   
#1  $\frac{11}{28}$  #2  $\frac{11}{14}$  #3  $\frac{22}{14}$  #4  $\frac{10}{70}$  #5  $\frac{2}{3}$
18. Noto'g'ri tenglikni tanlang:  
#1  $\frac{4}{5} : 4 = \frac{1}{5}$  #2  $\frac{16}{17} : 8 = \frac{2}{17}$  #3  $\frac{2}{9} : 3 = \frac{2}{3}$  #4  $\frac{6}{7} : 4 = \frac{3}{14}$  #5  $\frac{1}{6} : 6 = \frac{1}{36}$
19. Tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{3}{7}a = 3 \frac{3}{7}$
20. 0,45 qismi 3,6 ga teng sonni toping
21. 9 ning  $\frac{2}{3}$  ga nisbatini toping.
22. Nisbatning noma'lum hadini toping:  $15 : x = 3$
23. Nisbatning noma'lum hadini toping:  $2 \frac{1}{3} : x = \frac{5}{6}$
24. Noma'lum x ni toping:  $4 : 18 = 6 : x$
25. Tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{8}{7x} = \frac{24}{35}$



## Matematika VI-sinf.III-chorak testi.A-variant

1. Proporsiyaning asosiy xossasini harfiy ifodasini yozing:

#1  $a:b=c:d \leftrightarrow a \cdot d = b \cdot c$  #2  $a:b = c:d \leftrightarrow a \cdot c = b \cdot d$  #3  $a:b = c:d \leftrightarrow c \cdot a = d \cdot b$  #4  $a:b = c:d \leftrightarrow a:b = c:d$  #5 TJY

2. Proporsiyaning noma'lum hadini toping:  $8:12=x:15$

#1 5 #2 7 #3 6 #4 8 #5 10

3. 6 ta daftar uchun 600 so'm to'landi. 11 ta shunday daftar uchun necha so'm turadi?

#1 1 320 so'm #2 1 100 so'm #3 1 230 so'm #4 1 240 so'm

4. Ikki shahar orasidagi masofa 500km. Xaritaning masshtabi 1:1 000 000 . Xaritada bu shaharlar orasidagi masofa qancha bo'ladi?

#1 40sm #2 70sm #3 60sm #4 50sm #5 80 sm

5. Ikki shahar orasidagi masofa 700km. Xaritaning masshtabi 1:1 000 000 . Xaritada bu shaharlar orasidagi masofa qancha bo'ladi?

#1 40sm #2 70sm #3 60sm #4 50sm #5 80 sm

6. Ita sigir 1 kunda 5kg ozuqa yeydi. 10ta sigir uchun 7 kunga qancha ozuqa zarur?

#1 320kg #2 480kg #3 280kg #4 675 kg #5 350 kg

7. Aylana radiusi 15 sm ga teng. Aylana uzunligini toping. ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling

#1 94,2 sm #2 18,84 sm #3 18,64 sm #4 18,74 sm #5 19,84 sm

8. Aylana uzunligi 21,98 sm ga teng. Aylana radiusini toping. ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling

#1 6,28 sm #2 3,5 sm #3 4 sm #4 3,14 sm #5 4,6 sm

9. Radiusi 5 sm bo'lgan doira yuzini toping: ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling

#1 28,26 sm<sup>2</sup> #2 78,5 sm<sup>2</sup> #3 113,04 sm<sup>2</sup> #4 314 sm<sup>2</sup> #5 50,24 sm<sup>2</sup>

10. Yig'indini toping:  $(-41+30) + (-71+40)$

#1 42 #2 -42 #3 -11 #4 -31 #5 52

11. Ko'paytirishni bajaring:  $(-25) \cdot 3 \cdot 4$

#1 75 #2 100 #3 -100 #4 -300 #5 300

12. Hisoblang:  $(-2)^3 \cdot (-1)^4 + (-3)^3 \cdot (-3)^2 - (-1)^8 \cdot (-1)^7$

#1 10 #2 -10 #3 -11 #4 12 #5 -12

13. Hisoblang:  $-3 + 2,35 + |-5,8| - |-7,73|$

#1 -12,88 #2 12,88 #3 2,58 #4 -2,58 #5 0

14. Musbat sonlar oldiga (...) ishorasini qo'ysak, manfiy sonlar hosil bo'ladi.

#1 + #2 - #3 \* #4 : #5 TJY

15. Koordinata o'qida nuqtaga mos keluvchi son nuqtaning ... deyiladi

#1 Boshi #2 Oxiri #3 Koordinatasi #4 Uchi #5 Uzunligi

16. Koordinata o'qida -5 va 3 sonlari orasida joylashgan butun sonlar soni nechta?

#1 10 ta #2 9 ta #3 11 ta #4 12 ta #5 13 ta

17. Koordinata o'qida -5 va 9 sonlari orasida joylashgan butun sonlar yig'indisi nechaga teng?

#1 18 #2 30 #3 23 #4 16 #5 21

18. Bir-biridan faqat ishorasi bilan farq qiladigan sonlar ... deyiladi

#1 Teskari sonlar #2 Mukammal sonlar #3 Qarama-qarshi sonlar #4 Butun sonlar #5 TJY

19.  $|2 - x| = 0$  tenglamani ildizini eng kichik musbat ikki xonali songa ko'paytirish natijasini toping.

20. Yig'indini toping:  $(200 + (-206)) + (46 + (-51))$

21. Amallarni bajaring:  $-108 - (-41 - 53)$

22. Amallarni bajaring:  $(-69 + 44) : (-5)$

23. Hisoblang:  $(-3)^3 \cdot (-3)^2 + (-2)^3 \cdot (-1)^4 - (-1)^8 \cdot (-1)^7$

24. Hisoblang:  $\frac{7}{12} - \frac{11}{12} + \left(\frac{-5}{18}\right)$

25. Tenglamani yeching:  $34,5 - x = 3,4$

## Matematika VI-sinf.III-chorak testi.B-variant

1. Qaysi nisbatlar proporsiya tashkil qiladi?

1) 15:5 va 5:2   2) 10:4 va 15:6   3) 40:30 va 20:15   4) 21:4 va 63:12

#1 1,2   #2 2,3   #3 1,3   #4 2,4   #5 2,3,4

2. Proporsiyaning noma'lum hadini toping:  $6:30=10:x$

#1 5   #2 7   #3 50   #4 8   #5 10

3. 6 ta daftar uchun 720 so'm to'landi. 15 ta shunday daftar uchun necha so'm turadi?

#1 1 320 so'm   #2 1 100 so'm   #3 1 800 so'm   #4 1 240 so'm

4. Ikki shahar orasidagi masofa 600km. Xaritaning masshtabi 1:1 000 000 . Xaritada bu shaharlar orasidagi masofa qancha bo'ladi?

#1 40sm   #2 70sm   #3 60sm   #4 50sm   #5 80 sm

5. 1ta sigir 1 kunda 5kg ozuqa yeydi. 8ta sigir uchun 7 kunga qancha ozuqa zarur?

#1 320kg   #2 480kg   #3 280kg   #4 675 kg   #5 350 kg

6. 1ta sigir 1 kunda 5kg ozuqa yeydi. 15ta sigir uchun 9 kunga qancha ozuqa zarur?

#1 320kg   #2 480kg   #3 280kg   #4 675 kg   #5 350 kg

7. Aylana radiusi 10 sm ga teng. Aylana uzunligini toping. ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling

#1 18,624 sm   #2 18,84 sm   #3 18,64 sm   #4 18,74 sm   #5 62,8 sm

8. Aylana uzunligi 28,26 sm ga teng. Aylana radiusini toping. ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling

#1 6,28 sm   #2 3,5 sm   #3 4 sm   #4 4,5 sm   #5 4,6 sm

9. Radiusi 6 sm bo'lgan doira yuzini toping: ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling

#1 28,26 sm<sup>2</sup>   #2 78,5 sm<sup>2</sup>   #3 113,04 sm<sup>2</sup>   #4 314 sm<sup>2</sup>   #5 50,24 sm<sup>2</sup>

10. -3; -5; 4,1; -0,2; -3,4; -7,9; 4,6 sonlari ichida manfiy sonlar nechta?

#1 2 ta   #2 5 ta   #3 6 ta   #4 5 ta   #5 7 ta

11. Amallarni bajaring:  $(-8) \cdot 5 + (-3) \cdot 6 - (-28)$

#1 30   #2 -30   #3 -584   #4 86   #5 -86

12. Ertalab termometr  $-15^{\circ}$  ni ko'rsatdi. Tushda  $-7^{\circ}$  ni ko'rsatmoqda. Temperatura qanday o'zgardi.

#1  $-8^{\circ}$    #2  $8^{\circ}$    #3  $7^{\circ}$    #4  $-7^{\circ}$    #5  $15^{\circ}$

13.  $a=-3$ ,  $b=-5$ ,  $c=1$  bo'lsa,  $|a| + |b| + |c|$  ni hisoblang.

#1  $-7$    #2  $7$    #3  $9$    #4  $-9$    #5  $-6$

14. 0 soni qanday son?

#1 Manfiy   #2 Musbat   #3 Musbat ham emas, manfiy ham emas   #4 kasr son   #5 Hammasi to'g'ri

15. Koordinata o'qida -5 va 6 sonlari orasida joylashgan butun sonlar soni nechta?

#1 10 ta   #2 9 ta   #3 11 ta   #4 12 ta   #5 13 ta

16. Koordinata o'qida -5 va 4 sonlari orasida joylashgan butun sonlar soni nechta?

#1 10 ta   #2 9 ta   #3 11 ta   #4 12 ta   #5 13 ta

17. Koordinata o'qida -5 va 3 sonlari orasida joylashgan butun sonlar yig'indisi nechga teng?

#1 -8   #2 20   #3 23   #4 16   #5 -9

18. Koordinata o'qida sanoq boshidan shu songa mos keluvchi nuqtagacha bo'lgan masofa sonning ... deyiladi

#1 Moduli   #2 Darajasi   #3 Ildizi   #4 Kvadrati   #5 Kubi

19.  $|3 - x| = 0$  tenglamani ildizini eng kichik musbat ikki xonali songa ko'paytirish natijasini toping.

20. Yig'indini toping:  $89 - (-61) + (-170)$

21. Ko'paytirishni bajaring:  $(-25) \cdot 3 \cdot 4$

22. Bo'lishni bajaring:  $(-128) : (-4) : (-8) : 2$

23. Hisoblang:  $-72 \cdot 18 + 36 \cdot 16 + 36 \cdot (-4)$

24. Tenglamani yeching:  $x + \frac{3}{8} = -\frac{1}{8}$

25. Tenglamani yeching:  $4,5 - x = 3,4$

## Matematika VI-sinf.III-chorak testi.C-variant

- Proporsiyaning noma'lum hadini toping:  $4:x=12:15$   
#1 5 #2 7 #3 6 #4 8 #5 23
- Proporsiyaning noma'lum hadini toping:  $x:72=10:18$   
#1 5 #2 7 #3 6 #4 40 #5 10
- 15 ta daftar uchun 4500 so'm to'landi. 11 ta shunday daftar uchun necha so'm turadi?  
#1 1 320 so'm #2 1 100 so'm #3 1 230 so'm #4 3300 so'm
- Ikki shahar orasidagi masofa 800km. Xaritaning masshtabi 1:1 000 000 . Xaritada bu shaharlar orasidagi masofa qancha bo'ladi?  
#1 40sm #2 70sm #3 60sm #4 50sm #5 80 sm
- 1ta sigir 1 kunda 5kg ozuqa yeydi. 8ta sigir uchun 8 kunga qancha ozuqa zarur?  
#1 320kg #2 480kg #3 280kg #4 675 kg #5 350 kg
- Aylana radiusi 3 sm ga teng. Aylana uzunligini toping. ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling  
#1 18,624 sm #2 18,84 sm #3 18,64 sm #4 18,74 sm #5 19,84 sm
- Aylana uzunligi 25,12 sm ga teng. Aylana radiusini toping. ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling  
#1 6,28 sm #2 3,5 sm #3 4 sm #4 3,14 sm #5 4,6 sm
- Aylana uzunligi 50,24 sm ga teng. Aylana radiusini toping. ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling  
#1 6,28 sm #2 3,5 sm #3 4 sm #4 3,14 sm #5 8 sm
- Radiusi 10 sm bo'lgan doira yuzini toping: ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling  
#1 28,26 sm<sup>2</sup> #2 78,5 sm<sup>2</sup> #3 113,04 sm<sup>2</sup> #4 314 sm<sup>2</sup> #5 50,24 sm<sup>2</sup>
- Amallarni bajaring:  $(-3+1)-(-4+7)$   
#1 5 #2 -2 #3 -3 #4 3 #5 -5
- Amallarni bajaring:  $(-39+14):(-5)$   
#1 -3 #2 -5 #3 5 #4 3 #5 10,6
- Son o'qida koordinatasi -3,9 nuqtadan 5 birlik chapga joylashgan nuqta koordinatasini toping.  
#1 -1,1 #2 -8,9 #3 1,1 #4 8,9 #5 1,2
- Tenglamani yeching:  $-6+a=-5$   
#1 1 #2 11 #3 -11 #4 -1 #5 5/6
- Noldan kata sonlar ... sonlar deyiladi  
#1 Kasr #2 Manfiy #3 Butun #4 Musbat #5 TJY
- Koordinata o'qida -5 va 5 sonlari orasida joylashgan butun sonlar soni nechta?  
#1 10 ta #2 9 ta #3 11 ta #4 12 ta #5 13 ta
- Koordinata o'qida -5 va 8 sonlari orasida joylashgan butun sonlar yig'indisi nechaga teng?  
#1 18 #2 20 #3 23 #4 16 #5 21
- Koordinata o'qida -8 va 5 sonlari orasida joylashgan butun sonlar yig'indisi nechaga teng?  
#1 18 #2 20 #3 23 #4 16 #5 -21
- $|8-x|=0$  tenglamani ildizini eng kichik musbat ikki xonali songa ko'paytirish natijasini toping.  
#1 10 #2 20 #3 30 #4 60 #5 80
- $|6-x|=0$  tenglamani ildizini eng kichik musbat ikki xonali songa ko'paytirish natijasini toping.
- Amallarni bajaring:  $(-13+11)-(-4+7)$
- Ko'paytirishni bajaring:  $125*(-5)*8$
- Amallarni bajaring:  $(-15)*4+(-48):(-3)-150:(-6)$
- Hisoblang:  $(54*(-25)+44*25):50$
- Hisoblang:  $\frac{-4}{9}-\frac{-5}{18}$
- Tenglamani yeching:  $14,5-x=2,418$

## Matematika VI-sinf.III chorak testi. D-variant

- Proporsiyaning noma'lum hadini toping:  $10:x=75:15$   
#1 5 #2 2 #3 6 #4 8 #5 10
- 6 ta daftar uchun 720 so'm to'landi. 11 ta shunday daftar uchun necha so'm turadi?  
#1 1 320 so'm #2 1 100 so'm #3 1 230 so'm #4 1 240 so'm
- 14 ta daftar uchun 980 so'm to'landi. 34 ta shunday daftar uchun necha so'm turadi?  
#1 1 320 so'm #2 1 100 so'm #3 1 230 so'm #4 1 240 so'm #5 2380 so'm
- Ikki shahar orasidagi masofa 400km. Xaritaning masshtabi 1:1 000 000 . Xaritada bu shaharlar orasidagi masofa qancha bo'ladi?  
#1 40sm #2 70sm #3 60sm #4 50sm #5 80 sm
- 1 ta sigir 1 kunda 5kg ozuqa yeydi. 8 ta sigir uchun 12 kunga qancha ozuqa zarur?  
#1 320kg #2 480kg #3 280kg #4 675 kg #5 350 kg
- Aylana radiusi 5 sm ga teng. Aylana uzunligini toping. ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling  
#1 18,624 sm #2 18,84 sm #3 18,64 sm #4 31,4 sm #5 19,84 sm
- Aylana uzunligi 39,4384 sm ga teng. Aylana radiusini toping. ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling  
#1 6,28 sm #2 3,5 sm #3 4 sm #4 3,14 sm #5 4,6 sm
- Radiusi 3 sm bo'lgan doira yuzini toping: ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling  
#1 28,26 sm<sup>2</sup> #2 78,5 sm<sup>2</sup> #3 113,04 sm<sup>2</sup> #4 314 sm<sup>2</sup> #5 50,24 sm<sup>2</sup>
- Radiusi 4 sm bo'lgan doira yuzini toping: ( $\pi \approx 3,14$ ) deb oling  
#1 28,26 sm<sup>2</sup> #2 78,5 sm<sup>2</sup> #3 113,04 sm<sup>2</sup> #4 314 sm<sup>2</sup> #5 50,24 sm<sup>2</sup>
- Amallarni bajaring:  $-29 - (38-48)$   
#1 19 #2 -19 #3 -10 #4 -39 #5 -67
- Bo'lishni bajaring:  $(-128):(-4):(-8):2$   
#1 -4 #2 -128 #3 2 #4 -2 #5 32
- Hisoblang:  $-3,5 + (+1,7) + (-0,9) + (+8)$   
#1 -8,8 #2 5,3 #3 14,1 #4 -5,3 #5 -3,4
- $(8,1-10,9) \cdot (5,4-2,1)$  ni hisoblang  
#1 142,5 #2 9,24 #3 -42,5 #4 -9,24 #5 14,25
- To'g'ri chiziqda sanoq boshi, yo'nalish va birlik kesma tayin qilinsa, bunday to'g'ri chiziq ... deyiladi  
#1 Koordinata nuri #2 Koordinata to'g'ri chizig'I #3 Koordinatalar tekisligi #4 Hammasi to'g'ri #5 TJY
- Koordinata o'qida -5 va 7 sonlari orasida joylashgan butun sonlar soni nechta?  
#1 10 ta #2 9 ta #3 11 ta #4 12 ta #5 13 ta
59. Koordinata o'qida -5 va 7 sonlari orasida joylashgan butun sonlar yig'indisi nechga teng?  
#1 18 #2 20 #3 13 #4 16 #5 21
- Butun sonlar to'plami qanday harf bilan belgilanadi?  
#1 H #2 J #3 Q #4 Z #5 R
- $|1 - x| = 0$  tenglamani ildizini eng kichik musbat ikki xonali songa ko'paytirish natijasini toping.  
#1 10 #2 20 #3 30 #4 60 #5 80
- Yig'indini toping:  $(-51+40)+(-78+47)$
- Amallarni bajaring:  $-29-(88-98)$
- Amallarni bajaring:  $(-8)*5+(-3)*6-(-28)$
- Amallarni bajaring:  $(-12)*5+(-54):3 -(-84):(-14)$
- Hisoblang:  $(28*(-12)-28*(-2)):14$
- Hisoblang:  $\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{24} + (\frac{-11}{24})$
- Tenglamani yeching:  $2x-5,8=3,4$

## Matematika VI-sinf.IV-chorak testi.A-variant

- Tenglamani yeching.  $3(x+1)=5(x+1)+4$  #1 -3 #2 3 #3 1 #4 -9 #5 -1
- Tenglamani yeching.  $-2x+3=3x+8$  #1 -1 #2 2 #3 -6 #4 3 #5 -10
- Ikki sonning yig'indisi 140 ga teng. Birinchi sonning 8% I ikkinchi sonning 6% iga teng. Shu sonlarni toping.  
#1 60;80 #2 60 #3 48; 72 #4 24 #5 20
- Ikki sonning yig'indisi 140 ga teng , ularning ayirmasi esa 60 ga teng. Shu sonlarni toping.  
#1 100;40 #2 80;40 #3 135;65 #4 150;30 #5 140;40
- Bir tokchada ikkinchisiga qaraganda 3 marta ko'p kitob bor. Ikkala tokchadagi jami kitoblar soni 108 ta bo'lsa , har bir tokchada nechtdan kitob bor?  
#1 81; 27 #2 27 #3 159;53 #4 120;24 #5 53
- Uchta ketma-ket kelgan butun sonlar yig'indisi -3 ga teng. Shu sonlarni toping.  
#1 -2; -1; 0 #2 -1;0; 1 #3 2;3;4 #4 -5 ;5;-3 #5 1;2 -3
- Ifodaning qiymatini toping:  $-0,1-0,1-0,1$   
#1 -0,3 #2 -0,1 #3 -0,03 #4 -0,01 #5 0,01
- Proporsiyani asosiy xossasidan foydalanib , tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{4}{3x} = \frac{2}{x-1}$   
#1 -2 #2  $\frac{5}{3}$  #3  $\frac{3}{2}$  #4  $-\frac{1}{8}$  #5 8
- Hisoblang:  $-3+2,35+|-5,8|-|-7,73|$  #1 -12,88 #2 12,88 #3 2,58 #4 -2,58 #5 0
- $abc < 0$  uchun qaysi shart o'rinli?  
#1  $a > 0$   $b < 0$   $c < 0$  #2  $a < 0$   $b > 0$   $c > 0$  #3  $a < 0$   $b < 0$   $c > 0$  #4  $a > 0$   $b > 0$   $c < 0$  #5  $a = 0$   $b < 0$   $c < 0$
- Hisoblang:  $(-\frac{6}{7}) \cdot (-\frac{14}{15}) \cdot (-0,4)$   
#1 0,32 #2 -0,32 #3 3,2 #4 -3,2 #5 1,2
- Hisoblang:  $72,09 : (-9) + (-3,2) \cdot 5$   
#1 -240 #2 -2,401 #3 2,401 #4 24,01 #5 -24,01
- Tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{x+1}{x+2} = \frac{9}{10}$   
#1 -7 #2 7 #3 8 #4 -8 #5 9
- $A(-2;2)$ ,  $B(1;-1)$  nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda joylashgan?  
#1 I,III,IV #2 II, IV #3 I,II #4 II,III,IV #5 II,III
- $A(1;0)$ ,  $B(1;2)$  nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda yotadi?  
#1 II,III #2 I,IV #3 III,IV #4 I,III #5 II,IV
- Uchlari  $A(-2;0)$ ,  $B(0;2)$ ,  $C(2;0)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan uchburchak AC tomoni o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (0;0) #2 (1;1,5) #3 (2;1) #4 (-1;0) #5 (-2;-2)
- Uchlari  $A(-2;-4)$ ,  $B(0;4)$ ,  $C(-2;0)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan uchburchak AC tomoni o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (0;0) #2 (1;1,5) #3 (2;1) #4 (-1;0) #5 (-2;-2)
- Uchlari  $A(7;0)$ ,  $B(-4;-5)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan AB kesmaning o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (-4;2) #2 (-5;2) #3 (-3;-1) #4 (3,5;-2,5) #5 (0;-2,5)
- $A(-1;4)$   $B(6;1)$  ,  $C(1;6)$ ,  $D(1;1)$  bo'lsa, AB va CD kesmalar kesishish nuqtasining koordinatalarini toping.
- Koordinata tekisligida uchlari  $A(0;4)$  ,  $B(-2;0)$  ,  $C(2;0)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan uchburchak turini toping.
- Uchlari  $A(-3;-3)$  ,  $B(-3;3)$  ,  $C(3;3)$  ,  $D(3;-3)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak perimetrini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Uchlari  $A(-5;-5)$  ,  $B(-5;5)$  ,  $C(5;5)$  ,  $D(5;-5)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak perimetrini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Uchlari  $A(-1;-1)$  ,  $B(-1;1)$  ,  $C(1;1)$  ,  $D(1;-1)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak yuzini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Ordinatasi manfiy bo'lgan nuqtalar qaysi choraklarda joylashgan?
- Nisbatning noma'lum hadini toping:  $x:1,2=2,5$

## Matematika VI-sinf.IV-chorak testi.B-variant

- Tenglamani yeching.  $2(x+1)=5(x-1)-2$   
#1 -3 #2 3 #3 1 #4 -9 #5 -1
- Tenglamani yeching.  $-2x+3=3x-8$   
#1 -1 #2 2 #3 -6 #4 3 #5 -10
- Ikki sonning yig'indisi 140 ga teng. Birinchi sonning 8% I ikkinchi sonning 6% iga teng. Birinchi sonni toping.  
#1 60;80 #2 60 #3 48; 72 #4 24 #5 20
- Ikki sonning yig'indisi 120 ga teng , ularning ayirmasi esa 40 ga teng. Shu sonlarni toping.  
#1 100;40 #2 80;40 #3 135;65 #4 150;30 #5 140;40
- Bir tokchada ikkinchisiga qaraganda 3 marta ko'p kitob bor. Ikkala tokchadagi jami kitoblar soni 108 ta bo'lsa , ikkinchi tokchada nechta kitob bor?  
#1 81; 27 #2 27 #3 159;53 #4 120;24 #5 53
- Beshta ketma-ket kelgan butun sonlar yig'indisi 0 ga teng. Shu sonlardan eng kichigini toping.  
#1 2 #2 -2 # -3 #4 4 #5 0
- Ifodaning qiymatini toping:  $-0,1+0,1-0,1$   
#1 -0,3 #2 -0,1 #3 -0,03 #4 -0,01 #5 0,01
- Proporsiyaning asosiy xossasidan foydalanib , tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{5}{6x} = \frac{2}{3x-1}$   
#1 -2 #2  $\frac{5}{3}$  #3  $\frac{3}{2}$  #4  $-\frac{1}{8}$  #5 8
- $a=-3$ ,  $b=-5$ ,  $c=1$  bo'lsa,  $|a| + |b| + |c|$  ni hisoblang.  
#1 -7 #2 9 #3 7 #4 -9 #5 -6
- $x=4,5$  bo'lsa,  $-12x+3x+30x-10x$   
#1 202,5 #2 -198 #3 118 #4 48,5 #5 49,5
- Ifodaning koeffitsiyentini toping:  $3,5.a.(-4).c.(-1/2)$   
#1 2 #2 -7 #3 7 #4 -14 #5 14
- Tenglamani yeching:  $3x-6=5x+8$   
#1 2 #2 -7 #3 1 #4 -1 #5 3
- Amallarni bajaring:  $-90,72:(-1,8)-(-7,2).(-3)+4,8.(-1,6)$   
#1 35,8 #2 -2,58 #3 21,12 #4 25,8 #5 -25,8
- $A(-2;3)$ ,  $B(1;3)$  nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda joylashgan?  
#1 I,III,IV #2 II, IV #3 I,II #4 II,III,IV #5 II,III
- $A(-1;1)$ ,  $B(1;-1)$  nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda yotadi?  
#1 II,III #2 I,IV #3 III,IV #4 I,III #5 II,IV
- Uchlari  $A(-4;0)$ ,  $B(0;3)$ ,  $C(2;0)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan uchburchak BC tomoni o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (0;0) #2 (1;1,5) #3 (2;1) #4 (-1;0) #5 (-2;-2)
- Uchlari  $A(-4;0)$ ,  $B(-4;4)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan AB kesmaning o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (-4;2) #2 (-5;2) #3 (-3;-1) #4 (3,5;-2,5) #5 (0;-2,5)
- Uchlari  $A(-4;-2)$ ,  $B(4;-3)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan AB kesmaning o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (-4;2) #2 (-5;2) #3 (-3;-1) #4 (3,5;-2,5) #5 (0;-2,5)
- $A(-3;-3)$   $B(2;2)$ ,  $C(-2;2)$ ,  $D(2;-2)$  bo'lsa, AB va CD kesmalar kesishish nuqtasining koordinatalarini toping.
- Koordinata tekisligida uchlari  $A(-2;-3)$ ,  $B(1;-3)$ ,  $O(0;0)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan uchburchak turini toping.
- Uchlari  $A(-2;-2)$ ,  $B(-2;2)$ ,  $C(2;2)$ ,  $D(2;-2)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak perimetrini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Uchlari  $A(-3;-3)$ ,  $B(-3;3)$ ,  $C(3;3)$ ,  $D(3;-3)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak yuzini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Uchlari  $A(-5;-5)$ ,  $B(-5;5)$ ,  $C(5;5)$ ,  $D(5;-5)$  nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak yuzini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Abssissasi manfiy bo'lgan nuqtalar qaysi choraklarda joylashgan?
- Tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{2x+1}{6} = \frac{3x-1}{4}$

## Matematika VI-sinf.IV-chorak testi.C-variant

- Tenglamani yeching.  $5(x+1)=3(x+1)+4$   
#1 -3 #2 3 #3 1 #4 -9 #5 -1
- Tenglamani yeching.  $2x+3=3x+9$   
#1 -1 #2 2 #3 -6 #4 3 #5 -10
- Ikki sonning yig'indisi 120 ga teng. Birinchi sonning 12% I ikkinchi sonning 8% iga teng. Shu sonni toping.  
#1 60;80 #2 60 #3 48; 72 #4 24 #5 20
- Ikki sonning yig'indisi 200 ga teng , ularning ayirmasi esa 70 ga teng. Shu sonlarni toping.  
#1 100;40 #2 80;40 #3 135;65 #4 150;30 #5 140;40
- Bir tokchada ikkinchisiga qaraganda 3 marta ko'p kitob bor. Ikkala tokchadagi jami kitoblar soni 212 ta bo'lsa , har bir tokchada nechtadan kitob bor?  
#1 81; 27 #2 27 #3 159;53 #4 120;24 #5 53
- Yettitata ketma-ket kelgan butun sonlar yig'indisi 7 ga teng. Shu sonlardan eng kattasini toping.  
#1 2 #2 -2 # -3 #4 4 #5 0
- Ifodaning qiymatini toping: -0,01-0,01-0,01  
#1 -0,3 #2 -0,1 #3 -0,03 #4 -0,01 #5 0,01
- Proporsiyaning asosiy xossasidan foydalanib , tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{3}{2x} = \frac{2}{2x-1}$   
#1 -2 #2  $\frac{5}{3}$  #3  $\frac{3}{2}$  #4  $-\frac{1}{8}$  #5 8
- Tenglamani yeching:  $-6+a=-5$   
#1 1 #2 11 #3 -11 #4 -1 #5  $\frac{5}{6}$
- $3(7p-5)-6p$  ni hisoblang.  
#1  $27p-5$  #2  $15p-15$  #3  $27p-15$  #4  $+15p-5$  #5  $-27p+15$
- Hisoblang:  $-10,89:0,33 - (-7,5):0,3$   
#1 8 #2 -8 #3 58 #4 21,7 #5 -21,7
- Tenglamani yeching:  $2(x+1)=3(x+1)+2$   
#1 2 #2 -3 #3 1 #4 -1 #5 3
- To'g'ri to'rtburchakning perimetri 76sm ga teng.Bo'yi enidan 4sm uzun.Shu to'g'ri to'rtburchakning bo'yi va enini toping:  
#1 20sm,17,6sm #2 19sm,20,4sm #3 27sm;18,4sm #4 21sm;17sm #5 19,2sm;17,8sm
- A(-5;1), B(1;-5) nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda joylashgan?  
#1 I,III,IV #2 II, IV #3 I,II #4 II,III,IV #5 II,III
- A(-2;-2), B(2;-2) nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda yotadi?  
#1 II,III #2 I,IV #3 III,IV #4 I,III #5 II,IV
- Uchlari A(-3;0), B(0;2), C(4;0) nuqtalarda bo'lgan uchburchak BC tomoni o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (0;0) #2 (1;1,5) #3 (2;1) #4 (-1;0) #5 (-2;-2)
- Uchlari A(-2;0) , B(-8;4) nuqtalarda bo'lgan AB kesmaning o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (-4;2) #2 (-5;2) #3 (-3;-1) #4 (3,5;-2,5) #5 (0;-2,5)
- A(-2;3) B(2;-1) , C(-2;0), D(4;3) bo'lsa, AB va CD kesmalar kesishish nuqtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (0;1) #2 (0;-1) #3 (1;3) #4 (0;0) #5 (2;0)
- A(2;4) B(2;-2) , C(0;2), D(3;-1) bo'lsa, AB va CD kesmalar kesishish nuqtasining koordinatalarini toping.
- Koordinata tekisligida uchlari A(-2;2) , B(2;2) , C(2;-2), D(-2;-2) nuqtalarda bo'lgan shaklning nomi nima?
- Uchlari A(-4;-4) , B(-4;4) , C(4;4) , D( 4;-4) nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak perimetrini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Uchlari A(-2;-2) , B(-2;2) , C(2;2) , D( 2;-2) nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak yuzini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Ordinatasi musbat bo'lgan nuqtalar qaysi choraklarda joylashgan?
- Hisoblang: EKUB(372;168)
- Tenglamani yeching:  $x:2,5=8\frac{4}{7}:2\frac{1}{7}$

## Matematika VI-sinf.IV-chorak testi.D-variant

- Tenglamani yeching.  $4(x+1)=3(x+1)-5$   
#1 -3 #2 3 #3 1 #4 -9 #5 -1
- Tenglamani yeching.  $7x-4=3x+8$   
#1 -1 #2 2 #3 -6 #4 3 #5 -10
- Ikki sonning yig'indisi 120 ga teng. Birinchi sonning 12% I ikkinchi sonning 8% iga teng. Ikkinchi sondan birinchisini ayirmasini toping.  
#1 60;80 #2 60 #3 48; 72 #4 24 #5 20
- Ikki sonning yig'indisi 180 ga teng , ularning ayirmasi esa 120 ga teng. Shu sonlarni toping.  
#1 100;40 #2 80;40 #3 135;65 #4 150;30 #5 140;40
- Bir tokchada ikkinchisiga qaraganda 5 marta ko'p kitob bor. Ikkala tokchadagi jami kitoblar soni 144 ta bo'lsa , har bir tokchada nechtdan kitob bor?  
#1 81; 27 #2 27 #3 159;53 #4 120;24 #5 53
- Uchta ketma-ket kelgan butun sonlar yig'indisi -3 ga teng. Shu sonlardan eng kattasini toping.  
#1 2 #2 -2 #3 -3 #4 4 #5 0
- Ifodaning qiymatini toping:  $-0,01+0,01-0,01$   
#1 -0,3 #2 -0,1 #3 -0,03 #4 -0,01 #5 0,01
- Hisoblang:  $-3,5+(+1,7)+(-0,9)+(+8)$   
#1 -8,8 #2 -14,1 #3 14,1 #4 -5,3 #5 5,3
- $(8,1-10,9) \cdot (5,4-2,1)$  ni hisoblang  
#1 142,5 #2 9,24 #3 -9,24 #4 -42,5 #5 14,25
- Ko'paytmani toping:  $3,9 \cdot (-0,5) \cdot (-1/3)$   
#1 0,65 #2 -0,65 #3 0,6 #4 -0,6 #5 1,3
- Ifodaning koeffitsiyentini toping:  $-\frac{5}{8} \cdot xy \cdot (-\frac{8}{15}) \cdot z \cdot (-0,3)$   
#1 -0,3 #2 -1 #3 1 #4 -0,1 #5 0,1
- Tenglamani yeching:  $-3x+3=9x-9$   
#1 1 #2 -1 #3 0 #4 2 #5 -3
- A(0;-1), B(1;0) nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda joylashgan?  
#1 I,III,IV #2 II, IV #3 I,II #4 II,III,IV #5 II,III
- A(-2;0), B(-2;2) nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda yotadi?  
#1 II,III #2 I,IV #3 III,IV #4 I,III #5 II,IV
- A(1;1), B(-1;-1) nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda yotadi?  
#1 II,III #2 I,IV #3 III,IV #4 I,III #5 II,IV
- Uchlari A(-2;2), B(0;-2), C(2;0) nuqtalarda bo'lgan uchburchak AB tomoni o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (0;0) #2 (1;1,5) #3 (2;1) #4 (-1;0) #5 (-2;-2)
- Uchlari A(-4;-6) , B(-2;4) nuqtalarda bo'lgan AB kesmaning o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (-4;2) #2 (-5;2) #3 (-3;-1) #4 (3,5;-2,5) #5 (0;-2,5)
- A(-2;-2) B(4;1) , C(-2;1), D(2;-3) bo'lsa, AB va CD kesmalar kesishish nuqtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (0;1) #2 (0;-1) #3 (1;3) #4 (0;0) #5 (2;0)
- Koordinata tekisligida uchlari A(-2;0) , B(-2;2) , O(0;0) nuqtalarda bo'lgan uchburchak turini toping.
- Koordinata tekisligida uchlari A(-3;1) , B(2;1) , C(-3;-2), D(2;-2) nuqtalarda bo'lgan shaklning nomi nima?
- Uchlari A(-1;-1) , B(-1;1) , C(1;1) , D( 1;-1) nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak perimetrini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Uchlari A(-4;-4) , B(-4;4) , C(4;4) , D( 4;-4) nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak yuzini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Abssissasi musbat bo'lgan nuqtalar qaysi choraklarda joylashgan?
- Hisoblang: EKUK(816;51)
- Tenglamani yeching:  $(7x+3)-(5x-7)=(2x-5)-(3x-6)$



## Matematika VI-sinf.Yillik monitoring testi

- Tenglamani yeching.  $4(x+1)=3(x+1)-5$   
#1 -3 #2 3 #3 1 #4 -9 #5 -1
- Tenglamani yeching.  $7x-4=3x+8$   
#1 -1 #2 2 #3 -6 #4 3 #5 -10
- Ikki sonning yig'indisi 120 ga teng. Birinchi sonning 12% I ikkinchi sonning 8% iga teng. Ikkinchi sondan birinchisini ayirmasini toping.  
#1 60;80 #2 60 #3 48; 72 #4 24 #5 20
- Ikki sonning yig'indisi 180 ga teng , ularning ayirmasi esa 120 ga teng. Shu sonlarni toping.  
#1 100;40 #2 80;40 #3 135;65 #4 150;30 #5 140;40
- Bir tokchada ikkinchisiga qaraganda 5 marta ko'p kitob bor. Ikkala tokchadagi jami kitoblar soni 144 ta bo'lsa , har bir tokchada nechtdan kitob bor?  
#1 81; 27 #2 27 #3 159;53 #4 120;24 #5 53
- Uchta ketma-ket kelgan butun sonlar yig'indisi -3 ga teng. Shu sonlardan eng kattasini toping.  
#1 2 #2 -2 # -3 #4 4 #5 0
- Ifodaning qiymatini toping:  $-0,01+0,01-0,01$   
#1 -0,3 #2 -0,1 #3 -0,03 #4 -0,01 #5 0,01
- Hisoblang:  $-3,5+(+1,7)+(-0,9)+(+8)$   
#1 -8,8#2 -14,1#3 14,1#4 -5,3#5 5,3
- $(8,1-10,9)*(5,4-2,1)$  ni hisoblang  
#1 142,5 #2 9,24 #3 -9,24 #4 -42,5 #5 14,25
- Ko'paytmani toping:  $3,9 \cdot (-0,5) \cdot (-1/3)$   
#1 0,65 #2 -0,65 #3 0,6 #4 -0,6 #5 1,3
- Ifodaning koeffitsiyentini toping:  $-\frac{5}{8} \cdot xy \cdot (-\frac{8}{15}) \cdot z \cdot (-0,3)$   
#1 -0,3 #2 -1 #3 1 #4 -0,1 #5 0,1
- Tenglamani yeching:  $-3x+3=9x-9$   
#1 1 #2 -1 #3 0 #4 2 #5 -3
- A(0;-1), B(1;0) nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda joylashgan?  
#1 I,III,IV #2 II, IV #3 I,II #4 II,III,IV #5 II,III
- A(-2;0), B(-2;2) nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda yotadi?  
#1 II,III #2 I,IV #3 III,IV #4 I,III #5 II,IV
- A(1;1), B(-1;-1) nuqtalardan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziq qaysi choraklarda yotadi?  
#1 II,III #2 I,IV #3 III,IV #4 I,III #5 II,IV
- Uchlari A(-2;2), B(0;-2), C(2;0) nuqtalarda bo'lgan uchburchak AB tomoni o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (0;0) #2 (1;1,5) #3 (2;1) #4 (-1;0) #5 (-2;-2)
- Uchlari A(-4;-6) , B(-2;4) nuqtalarda bo'lgan AB kesmaning o'rtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (-4;2) #2 (-5;2) #3 (-3;-1) #4 (3,5;-2,5) #5 (0;-2,5)
- A(-2;-2) B(4;1) , C(-2;1), D(2;-3) bo'lsa, AB va CD kesmalar kesishish nuqtasining koordinatalarini toping.  
#1 (0;1) #2 (0;-1) #3 (1;3) #4 (0;0) #5 (2;0)
- Koordinata tekisligida uchlari A(-2;0) , B(-2;2) , O(0;0) nuqtalarda bo'lgan uchburchak turini toping.
- Koordinata tekisligida uchlari A(-3;1) , B(2;1) , C(-3;-2), D(2;-2) nuqtalarda bo'lgan shaklning nomi nima?
- Uchlari A(-1;-1) , B(-1;1) , C(1;1) , D( 1;-1) nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak perimetrini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Uchlari A(-4;-4) , B(-4;4) , C(4;4) , D( 4;-4) nuqtalarda bo'lgan to'rtburchak yuzini toping. (1 birlik =1 sm)
- Abssissasi musbat bo'lgan nuqtalar qaysi choraklarda joylashgan?
- Hisoblang: EKUK(816;51)
- Tenglamani yeching:  $(7x+3)-(5x-7)=(2x-5)-(3x-6)$